Indian Insurgent Groups on the Indo-Myanmar border, border management, implementation of various infrastructure projects, measures to enhance trade and cooperation in the field of energy.

Indo-China boundary talks

3864. PROF. ALKA BALARAM KSHATRIYA:
SHRIMATI SHOBHANA BHARTIA:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether India and China held 10th round of high-level talks on boundary question in the month of April, 2007 as part of efforts to settle the border dispute and have made progress and are now discussing issues related to demarcation of the border;

(b) if so, the outcome of the discussion held;

(c) if so, whether any concrete agreement on border dispute has been arrived at; and

(d) if so, by when it is likely to be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) to (d) The Tenth round of talks between the Special Representatives of India and China was held in New Delhi and Coonoor from 20—22 April 2007. The two Special Representatives continued their discussions on a framework for the boundary settlement on the basis of the Agreement on Political Parameters and Guiding Principles signed on 11 April 2005. Both sides agreed to hold the next (eleventh) round of talks between the Special Representatives at a mutually Convenient time, which will be decided through diplomatic channels.

Following five rounds of discussions between the Special Representatives, the two sides signed the "Agreement on the Political Parameters and Guiding Principles for the Settlement of the India-China Boundary Question" on 11 April 2005 during the visit of the Chinese Premier to India. The signing of this Agreement marked the end of the first stage of a three-stage process envisaged by the two sides in seeking a political settlement of the boundary question. In the second stage, which is presently underway, the two Special Representatives are exploring the framework

for a final package settlement covering all sectors of the India-China boundary. The last stage will involve actual delineation and demarcation of the boundary on map and ground by the civil, military and survey officials from the two sides.

Terrorist training camps in Pakistan

† 3865. DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:
SHRI RAJ MOHINDER SINGH MAJITHA:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that China has recently brought into light the facts with regard to running of terrorist training centres in Pakistan;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether it is also a fact that the said terrorist training centres being run in Pakistan, have become a problem for India;

(d) if so, Government's reaction thereto; and

(e) whether Government have considered to keep check on said centres by establishing contact with China?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) and (b) The Chinese government in a case against Huseyin Celil), an ethnic Uyghur, has stated that Celil was involved in recruiting several people for the East Turkistan Liberation Organisation and sending them to terrorist training camps in the Pamir plateau in Pakistan.

(c) to (e) Government have been consistently taking up the issues of cross-border terrorism With Pakistan in bilateral meetings at various levels and Pakistan has been reminded consistently of the commitment made by it in the joint press statement of 06.01.04 of not to allow any territory under its control to be used to support terrorism in any manner.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.